

The following items are conditions for permit issuance and strict compliance is mandatory.

- 1. Construction documents and a signed copy of the plan shall be kept at the site of the work, and open to inspection by the building inspector. MN1300.0130 Subp. 6
- 2. The attached sheet can be used as a construction guide.
- 3. Decks, porches and/or balconies exposed to the weather shall be constructed of an approved wood with natural resistance to decay such as redwood, cedar or treated wood. Before using an alternative building product, check with your local building official. MSBC1303.2000
- 4. Footings to be a minimum of 42" deep for frost. MN1303.1600
- 5. Decks with floor surface located more than 30 inches above floor or grade shall have guards not less than 36 inches in height not allowing the passage of a sphere larger than 4 inches in diameter. MSBC1309/R312.1.2 R312.1.3
- 6. An inspection of post holes is required prior to the placement of concrete in the holes. MN1300.0210 Subp 6
- 7. REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL STAIRS: MSBC1309/R311.7-R311.7.8.4

1. 36" minimum width

6. 7¾" maximum rise

2. 10" minimum tread

7. Minimum of 6'8" headroom

3. Use $3 - 2 \times 12$ stringers

8. Use Joist Hangers

- 4. Double joist around openings
- 5. 34"-38" high continuous gripable handrail with ends returned to wall.

Open risers are permitted, provided that the opening between treads does not permit the passage of a four inch (4") diameter sphere.

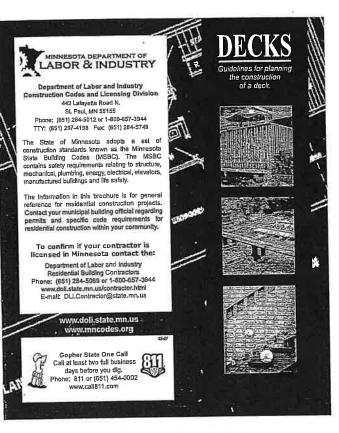
The greatest riser height and tread depth within any flight of stairs shall not exceed the smallest by more than 3/8 inch.

Guards on stairs shall not be less than 34" in height measured vertically from the nosing of the treads. MSBC1309/R312.1.2 exception #1

Nothing four and three-eighth inches (4-3/8") or more in diameter shall pass through the guards (on stairways). MSBC1309/R312.1.3

8. All footings to bear on undisturbed non-organic soil. MSBC1309/403.1

- 9. Ledger boards shall be lagged to the building and all connections between the deck and building shall be flashed. MSBC1309/R703.4
- Lateral load connection devices shall be installed in a minimum of two locations per deck. Each device shall have an allowable stress design capacity of not less than 1500 lbs. or equivalent devices. MCBC1309/R507.9
- 11. Beams shall be provided with a minimum of 1-1/2 inches of solid bearing, be notched into or rest on top of the columns, or have metal brackets that provide adequate bearing to distribute the load installed on both sides of the beams. MSBC1309/R502.6 and R606.6.3
- 12. Handrails shall comply with MSBC1309/R311.7-8 (See attached handout)
- 13. Post the attached Inspection Record Card on the jobsite. MN State Bldg. Code 2003 Sec 1300.0210 Subp 3.
- 14. a. The term "complete" shall include all work proposed in the approved permit. All building permits issued shall complete construction of the project within one hundred and eighty (180) days after the permit is issued, without additional approval. If at the time of application, the project is anticipated to not be completed within one hundred eighty (180) days, the applicant shall provide the project's anticipated timeline. CMS may adjust for reasonableness and approve project timelines as part of the permit review process up to five hundred and forty (540) days. Projects anticipated to exceed five hundred and forty (540) days shall seek approval from the jurisdiction's applicable governing body. b. A permit holder may request extensions in increments of one hundred and eighty (1800 days. CMS may approve up to two extensions if CMS judges steady and continuous progress is being made. Permit holders requesting more than two extensions shall make an application for a new permit. The new permit application shall state the reason and demonstrate that circumstances were beyond the control of the permit holder.
- 15. This structure must comply with all portions of the Minnesota State Building Code whether noted on this plan or omitted. Failure to note any detail(s) on the plan does not remove the builder from the responsibility of complying with the Building Code. Plan review was done in accordance with the current Minnesota Building Code. Plan review does not waive any additional code compliance issues found on site. MN1300



Permits

Bullding permits are required for all decks attached to the home or are 30 inches or more above grade. Decke and platforms not more than 30 Inches above adjacent grade and not attached to a structure with frost footings, do not require a building permit and may require a zoning or land-use permit.

Decks and platforms are required to meet the land-use requirements of the community's zoning code. An important first step is to contact the local planning and zoning department with questions.

A municipality may require permit fees, plan reviews and inspections

Permit fees are established by the municipality. The plan review is done by the building official in order to spot potential problems or pitfalls that may arise. The building official may make notes on the plan for your use, inspections notes on the pian toryour use, inspections are performed at various stages of construction to verify code compilance. Actual permit costs can be obtained by calling your local building inspection department with your estimated constructions. construction value.

Your building inspector will need:

- 1. An application for permit.
 2. A site plan or survey.
 3. A deck plan with all applicable structural details.

Reguland inspections

- 1. Footings: After the holes are dug, but prior to pouring of concretel
- 2. Framing: To be made after framing is completed. This inspection can be completed at the time of the final Inspection If all parts of the framing will be visible and accessible with prior approval of the building official.
- 3. Final: Is done after completion.

Setbacks from property lines vary depending upon the city and zoning district your home is located in. Contact the building department in your community for the requirements in your location. This is an important first step in the planning for any deck project

Notice regarding pressure-treated wood

When a pressure-preservative-treated wood Is used, Il must comply with the American Wood Preservers Association UI Standard based on exposure (exterior) and use (above ground or ground contact). The lumber must bear the quality mark (stamp or end tag) of an approved inspection agency. Designers, builders and home owners need to verify that proper hardware (hangers, halls, brackets) are appropriate with the particular treatment of the lumber. This not only applies to decks utilizing these products, but sill plates and posts as well. Additional information is available online at www.doil.state.mn.us/ bc_residential.html.

General building code requirements

The 2007 Minnesots State Building Code adopts the 2005 interactional Residential Code (2006 INC). All "R" code selectnices provided in this brochure pertain to the 2006 IRC.

- a, Footings must extend to frost depth (If attached to the house).
- b. Decks need to be designed for a 40-pour per-square-foot live load and balconies to a 60-pound-per-square-foot live load. Decks exposed to the weather must be constructed of approved wood with natural resistance to decay such as redwood, cedar or treated wood. Ledger boards must be boiled or lagged to the building and all connections between the deck and dwelling must be flashed. Before using allemative building products, check with your local building official.





- c. Columns and posts in contact with the ground or embedded in concrete, earth or masonry must be of pressure-treated wood approved for ground contact.
- d. Cedar or redwood posts need an 8-Inch separation from the ground.
- a. Centa in leatwood possis near or proches, open sides of landlings and stairs that are more than 30 inches above grade or a floor below must be protected by a guard not less than 38 inches in height. Grade is measured at adge of structure, see guard opening limitations states required guard on open sides of stairways, raised floor areas, balconies and porches shall have intermediate rails or ornamental closures which do not allow passage of a sphere 4 inches (102mm) or more in diameter. s: 1. The triangular openings formed by the riser, tread and
- a spnere -vs ances (nor inity) to pass anough contest.

 f. If a stairway is to be provided, it must be no less than 36 inches in width. Stairways may be constructed having an 794-inch-maximum rise (height) and a 10-inch-minimum run (length). The largest tread rise and tread run may not exceed the smallest corresponding tread rise or run by more than 36 inch. Stairway illumination is required by the code. Open risers are permitted, provided the opening between the treads does not permit the passage of a 4-inch-diameter sphere.
- g. Handralls are required on all stainways having four or more risers. All required handralls shall be of the following types or provide equivalent graspability,

- Type I. Handralls with a circular cross section shall have an outside diameter of at least 114 Inches (32 mm) and not greater than 2 Inches (51 mm). If the handrall is not circular it shall have a perimeter dimension of at least 4 Inches (102 mm) and not ater than 61/4 Inches (160 mm) with a maximum cross section nsion of 21/4 inches (57 mm).
- Type II. Handrails with a perimeter greater than 6¹/₄ Inches (160 mm) shall provide a graspable finger recess area on both sides of the profile. The finger recess shall begin within a distance of 3/₄ inch (19 mm) measured vertically from the tallest portion of the profile and achieve a depth of at least \$7s inch (8 mm) within 78 inch (22 mm) below the widest portion of the profile. This required depth shall continue for at least \$7s inch (10 mm) to a level that is not less than 13/4 inches (45 mm) below the tallest portion of the profile. The minimum width of the handrall above the recess shall be 11/4 inches (32 mm) to a maximum of 23/4 inches (70 mm). Edges shall have a minimum radius of 0.01 inch (0.25 mm).

The top of handrall must be not less than 34 inches nor more than 38 inches above the nosing (front edge) of treads and they must be returned to a wall or post.

- The electrical code requires overhead power lines to be located a minimum of 10 feet above decks and platforms. Existing lines may need to be calsed if a new deck is to be installed beneath them.
- When localing a deck, care must be given to the localion of outside gas and electric meters, wells and septic systems. These

may need to be relocated to allow for construction of the deck Septic systems and wells may be difficult to relocate, requiring an alternative location for the deck. Contact your local building department prior to placement of any deck that will interfere with these devices.

Some communities use a remote outside water-meter-reading device that may need to be relocated to allow for construction of a deck. These devices must be relocated properly and may require special tools. Prior to placement of any dock that will interfere special tools. Prior to placement of any dock that will interfere with the operation or accessibility of the reader, contact your local building department or water department to obtain information and procedures about relocating these devices, Note: For specific code requirements, please contact your local building department.

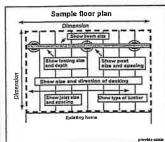
Plans: Site, floor and elevation

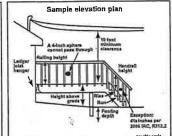
The text and sample drawings below show the minimum detail expected to ensure the permit process proceeds smoothly. Two sets of each site, floor and elevation plan are required. Plans do not need to be professionally drawn. Plans should include all of the information requested and drawn to scale.

A certificate of survey or site plan should be drawn to scale that A carintate of sarreys is see pain should be distant.

Indicates the lot dimensions, the location and size of the existing structure(s) and the location and a size of the proposed structure. Indicate the setbacks from properly lines of the existing and proposed structure(s). Include the septic system area and wells, if applicable.







- Floor plan

 1. Proposed deck size.

 2. Size and specing of floor joists.

 3. Size and type of decking material.

 4. Size, type, location and specing of posts.

 5. Size and type of beams.

Elevation plan

- Helaht of structure from grade.
- Size and depth of footings.

 Guard height and spacing (if any).
- Stalrway rise or run and handrall
- height (If any). Clearance of overhead wires
- (If applicable).

DIT Deck Tension Ties

Decks & Fences

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1.2015 IRC provision for a 750 lbs. Isleral load connectities house at Your locations per eleck. This new code of milts the lateral connection from the deck lotats to be top pickes, stude, or headers within the supporting of the eliminates the need to access to the floor joists with eliminates the need to access to the floor joists of the eliminates.

Strong-Orive SUWM Timpsery or no en neurone with the Play weather. The DTT2 fastens easily to the wide face of a single or double 5x using Simpsen Strong-Tie Strong-Tire SDS Heavy-Duly Connector screws (included) and accepts a 1% matchin boil. or anchor fools. The new DTT12 fastens to the narrow or wide face single 2x with Simpson Strong-Tale Strong-Driver 50 Conserves or nails and accepts a 3x matchine bolt, anothor bol as strong (washer required) or can be installed with the new

The DTTZ can be used to satisfy the IRO provision for a f. 200 has, there all one conceives the clerk. Additionally, the DTTZ has been tested and evaluated in dark guardral post applications to restal the code-specified lateral forces at the top of ralling assembles. The DTTZ is also available with longer 28° Strong-DNe SDS Hasy-Dne Commercial steepers, financial propers, forces at the longer 28° Strong-DNe SDS Hasy-Dne Commercial steepers, financial propers, and the propers of the

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H; DTT1Z/DTT2Z—ZMAX* coathg; DTT2SS—Stainless steel; see Corrosión Information, pages 13-15.

- Use all spacified fasteners. See General Notes.
 A standard out washer (included) must be installed between the nut and the seat. INSTALLATION
- Simpson Strong-Tie Strong-Oriva SDS Haavy-Duty Connector acrews install bast with a low speed high torque drill will a ¼* hax head driver.
 - Strong-Drive SD Connector screws install with a ¼" hax head driver.
- Strong-Drive SDWH Timber-Hex HDG screws Install with a 1% hex head driver.
 CODES: See page 12 for Code Reference Key Chart.

Thasa products are available with additional correction protection. Additional products on this page may also be available with this option, chack with Strapeon Strong-Te for details.

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RFILE CO HIDGS 18.6 18.75 Code Net 160

SPEME

DF/SP

940 910 910 1825 2145

6-SD #9x11/4 6-10dx11/4

Fastenare

Anchor DIB.

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Model No.

Allowable Yenslon Loads

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75 72

% " or SDWH

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ZILLIG

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8-10dx11/2

Decks & Fences



r-Hex HDG screw with a minimum of 3" of thread penetration withdravial load (160) of 1380 lbs. Into SP, 1225 lbs.

requirements for detach-towns taken like accometation.

3. The Strong-Drive StyNH Thabs-thet HOS ecrew with smilling mo if 3' of throad parts of Strong-Drive StyNH Thabs-thet HOS ecrew with smilling more than an absolute that HOS on the StyLess in the 6th sewer has an absolute for the StyLess in the sewer values are valid; if the product is flush with the end of the framing member or installed board libration above addresses on outward force one the guardrall.

En the particular food libration above addresses on outward force one the guardrall.

An additional DTTZ can be added at the born to ble a business force.

A HOS round varefur is required whigh using a last street.

ble loads below 750 lbs. do not salisty the 2015 IRC

1. Allowable loads have been increased 80% for wind or earthquake loading with no (urther increase allowed. 2. DTTIZ installations with allowable loads below 750 jbs. do not salisfy the

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B-W'X2K" SDS B-K"X1K" SDS

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DTT2Z/DTT2SS DTT22-SDS2.6

TABLE R507.2 FASTENER SPACING FOR A SOUTHERN PINE OR HEN-FIR DECK LEDGER AND A 2-INCH-NOMINAL SOLID-SAWN SPRUCE-PINE-FIR BAND JOIST*** (Deck live load = 40 psf, deck dead load = 10 psf)

JOIST SPAN	6' and less	6'1" to 8'	8'1" to 10'	10'1" to 12"	12'1" lo 14"	14'1" to 16'	6' and less 6'1" to 8' 8'1" to 10' 10'1" to 12' 12'1" to 14' 14'1" to 16' 16'1" to 18'
Connection details			On-ce	On-center specing of fasteners ^{d,}	fasteners ^{d,} "	•9	
1/2 inch diameter lag screw with 17/32 inch maximum sheathing*	30	23	18	15	13	11	10
I_2 inch diameter bolt with 19 ₂₂ inch maximum sheathing	36	36	34	29	24	21	19
1, Inch diameter bolt with 15,2, Inch maximum sheathing and 1/2 Inch stacked washers***	36	36	29	24	21	18	16

For SE 1 Inch = 25.4 mm, 1 foot = 304.8 mm, 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kPa.

a. The Up of the lag screw shall fully extend beyond the inside face of the band joist.

b. The Log num gap belaven the face of the ledget beam of face of the vall sheathing shall be 1/2 inch.

c. Ledgers shall be flashed to prevent water from contacting the bones band joist.

d. Lag screws and bolfs shall be shagered in accordance with Section 5012.1.

e. Deck ledger shall be milahmum 2 × 8 pressure-preservative-treated No. 2 grade lumber, or other approved materials as established by standard engineering

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bulletin T-DECKLATLOAD

U.S. Patent Pending

For more inform

Typical DTT1Z Deck-to-l

f. When solid-naws pressure-preservative-treated deck ledgers are attached to a minimum 1-inch-hibck engineered wood product (structural composite lumber, laminated werser lumber or wood structural partel band joist), the ledgest attachment thall be designed in accordance with accepted engineering practice. § A minimum 1 × 9½, Douglas Fit laminated werser lumber inhoson shall be permitted in the of the 2-inch nominal band joist.
b. Wood structural panel stream board sheatfling or foam retestings not exceeding 1 inch in thickness shall be permitted. The maximum distance between the face of the ledger board and the face of the band joist shall be 1 inch.

TABLE 507.2.1 PLACEMENT OF LAG SCREWS AND BOLTS IN DECK LEDGERS AND BAND JOISTS

	· MINIMUM END AND	ND AND EDGE DISTANCES AND SPACIN	G BETWEEN ROWS	
	TOP EDGE	BOTTOM EDGE	ENDS	ROW SPACING
Ledger	2 inches	1/4 Inch	2 inches ^b	15/, inchesb
Band Jolst ^e	3/4 inch	2 inches	2 Inches ^b	15/ Inches

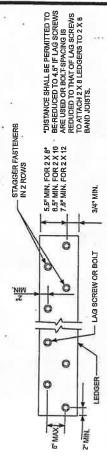
For SL: I inch = 25.4 rum.

e. Lag screws or bolts shall be staggered from the top to the bottom along the hortzontal run of the deck ledger in accordance with Figure RS07.2.1(1).

b. Maxlmum 5 Inches.

Typical DTT22 Deck-lu-House Lateral Load Connecilon For more information on lateral load connecitons, see besinical bulletin T-DECKLATLOAD

e. For engineered rim jolsts, the manufacturer's recommendations shall govern. d. The minimum distance from bottom row of lag ssrews or boils to the top edge of the ledger shall be in accordance with Figure R507.2.1(1).



For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

FIGURE R507.2.1(1)
PLACEMENT OF LAG SCREWS AND BOLTS IN LEDGERS

2015 MINNESOTA HESIDENTIAL CODE

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